

Suresh I Surana & Associates

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To,
The Members,
Rayzon Energy Private Limited,
Surat.

OPINION:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Rayzon Energy Private Limited**, ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026 and the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended and notes to financial statements, including a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2026 and total comprehensive income (Comprising of Loss and other comprehensive income), its cash flow and Changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR OPINION:

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

OTHER INFORMATION:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report and annexures thereto but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director's Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Director's report and annexures thereto, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulation.

RESPONSIBILITY OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The company's board of directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection of the appropriate accounting software for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations including those related to retention of audit logs; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and designing, implementing and maintaining of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material



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misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of the internal financial controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure -A**", statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.



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2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of change in equity, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on Balance sheet date taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the director is disqualified as on Balance sheet date from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) Since the Company's turnover as per last audited financial statements is less than Rs.50 Crores and its borrowings from banks and financial institutions at any time during the year is less than Rs.25 Crores, the Company is exempted from getting an audit opinion with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls vide notification dated June 13, 2017.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company is private limited company which is not govern by section 197 of the Act and accordingly, requirement u/s. 197(16) is not applicable.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial positions in its financial statements (Refer "Contingent Liabilities & Capital Commitment" Note of the financial statements)

- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. The Company does not require transferring any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.



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- iv. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- v. The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- vi. We have not come across any transaction related to clause (iv) & (v) which caused us to believe that the representations related to clause (iv) & (v) contain any material mis-statement.
- vii. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
3. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of year commencing on 01 April 2025, have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Furthermore, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention from the date the audit trail was enabled for the accounting software.

For, Suresh I Surana & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No.: 121749W

(CA. Amit Solanki)

Partner

M. No.: 129132

UDIN: 26129132MYHHXE6507



Date: 11-08-2026

Place: Surat



Suresh I Surana & Associates

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ANNEXURE "A" REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 1 UNDER 'REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS' SECTION OF OUR REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED OF EVEN DATE

REPORT ON THE COMPANIES (AUDITORS' REPORT) ORDER, 2020 UNDER SUB-SECTION (11) OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("THE ACT"):

- (i) (a) (A) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained basic records showing particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant & equipment.
- (B) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of its intangible assets.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the management in a phased programme designed to cover all items over a period of three financial years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical verification have been noticed.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of deeds provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable..
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder during the year ended on balance sheet date.



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- (ii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any inventory as at the balance sheet date. Accordingly, the provisions of clause relating to physical verification of inventory are not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets for the year ended on balance sheet date.
- (iii) According to information and explanations given to us,
- (a) The Company has not made any investments during the year.
- (b) The Company has not provided any guarantee or security nor granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year ended on balance sheet date.
- (iv) According to information and explanations given to us, no loans, Investments or guarantees and security has been given to companies, firms and other parties during the year. Accordingly, clause 3 (iv) of the order is not applicable to Company.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the year. Accordingly, clause 3 (v) of the order is not applicable to Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, although the Company is engaged in an activity for which maintenance of cost records has been prescribed under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to maintain such cost records during the year as it does not meet the prescribed threshold under the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 regarding maintenance of cost records is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. Further, the Company has not obtained registration under the applicable Labour Welfare Fund and Professional Tax legislations. Consequently, although the applicable Labour Welfare Fund and Professional Tax dues have been deducted, they have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at the balance sheet date for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. Accordingly, clause 3(vii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.



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- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed as income (with regards to transactions not recorded in the books of account) in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not borrowed money from banks, financial institutions, by way of debentures or from government. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year ended on balance sheet date.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not availed any term loans.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on long term basis except for loan taken from Holding Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer/ further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year ended on balance sheet date
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has raised money by way of preferential allotment for the year ended on balance sheet date. The Company has not raised funds by way of convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.



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- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us and as represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii)(a) to 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, Section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Private Limited company and with regards to related party transactions, it has complied with section 188 of the Act and the details have been disclosed in "Related Party Transactions" note to the financial statements.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to the appointment of an internal auditor are not applicable to the Company during the current financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv)(a) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable.
- (b) Since the provisions relating to internal audit are not applicable to the Company during the current financial year, reporting under clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 regarding consideration of internal audit reports is not applicable.
- (xv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with any of the directors/ person connected with the director during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.



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- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year ended on balance sheet date. Accordingly, the Company is not required to obtain certificate of registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, the Company does not belong to any group which consist Core Investment Company as part of the Group.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has incurred Rs. 31.19 million of operating cash losses in the financial year.
- (xviii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a year of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a year of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xx) of the Order are not applicable.



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(xxi) The reporting under Clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For, Suresh I Surana & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No.: 121749W



(CA. Amit Solanki)

Partner

M. No.: 129132

UDIN: 26129132MYHHXE6507



Date: 11-08-2026

Place: Surat



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN : U35105GJ2025PTC157664

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions, unless otherwise stated)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2026

Sr.	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
I	ASSETS			
(A)	Non-Current Assets			
1	Property, Plant and equipment	3a	301.95	172.73
2	Capital work-in-progress	3b	1,338.00	5.22
3	Intangible Assets	3c	0.22	-
4	Financial Assets			
(i)	Other Financial Assets	4	16.60	-
5	Deferred Tax Assets (net)	5	8.23	0.20
	Total Non-Current Assets (A)		1,665.00	178.15
(B)	Current Assets			
1	Inventories		-	-
2	Financial Assets			
(i)	Trade Receivables		-	-
(ii)	Cash & Cash Equivalents	6	62.91	3.65
(iii)	Other Bank Balances	7	0.26	-
(iv)	Others Financial Assets	8	1.33	0.02
3	Current Tax Asset (Net)		-	-
4	Other Current Assets	9	254.81	42.14
	Total Current Assets (B)		319.31	45.81
	Total Assets (A+B)		1,984.31	223.96
II	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(A)	Equity			
1	Equity Share Capital	10	585.00	50.00
2	Other Equity	11	(24.45)	(0.58)
	Total Equity (A)		560.55	49.42
	Non-Current liabilities			
1	Long-Term Borrowings	12	1,306.92	173.95
2	Long-Term Provisions	13	0.58	-
	Total Non-Current Liabilities (B)		1,307.50	173.95
(B)	Current liabilities			
1	Financial Liabilities:			
(i)	Short-Term Borrowings		-	-
(ii)	Trade Payables	14		
(a)	Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprise		4.94	-
(b)	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprise		102.02	0.03
(iii)	Other Current Financial Liabilities		-	-
2	Short-Term Provisions	15	0.13	-
3	Other Current Liabilities	16	9.17	0.56
4	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		-	-
	Total Current Liabilities (B)		116.26	0.59
	Total Equity and Liabilities (A+B)		1,984.31	223.96

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.
As per our report of even date attached

For Suresh I Surana & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 121749W

CA Amit Solanki

Partner

M. No.: 129132
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat



For and on Behalf of Board of Directors of
Rayzon Energy Private Limited

Hardik Ashokbhai Kothiya

(Managing Director &
Chief Financial Officer)

(DIN: 08589174)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

Chirag Devchandbhai
Nakrahi

(Director)

(DIN: 08589167)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

Mittal Narendrabhai
Shah

(Company Secretary)

ACS :57367
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN : U35105GJ2025PTC157664

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions, unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

Sr.	Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31-03-2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
	Revenues			
I	Revenue from operations		-	-
II	Other Income	17	0.04	-
III	Total Revenue		0.04	-
	Expenses			
IV	Cost of Material Consumed		-	-
	Purchases of stock-in-trade		-	-
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in -trade and work-in		-	-
	Employee Benefit Expenses	18	0.71	-
	Finance Costs	19	7.83	0.01
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	20	0.71	-
	Other Expenses	21	22.69	0.77
	Total Expenses (IV)		31.94	0.78
V	(Loss) Before Tax (III-IV)		(31.90)	(0.78)
VI	Tax Expense:	32		
	Current Tax		-	-
	Deferred Tax		(8.03)	(0.20)
	Total Tax Expense (VI)		(8.03)	(0.20)
VII	(Loss) for the year / period (V-VI)		(23.87)	(0.58)
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income / (Expense)			
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Income tax relating to above		-	-
	Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year / period, net of tax (VIII)		-	-
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the year / period (VII+VIII)		(23.87)	(0.58)
	Earnings per share (Face Value of Rs. 10 each)	34		
	(1) Basic (not annualised for the year ended 31 March, 2025)		(2.45)	(0.12)
	(2) Diluted (not annualised for the year ended 31 March, 2025)		(2.45)	(0.12)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Suresh I Surana & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN : 121749W


CA Amit Solanki

Partner

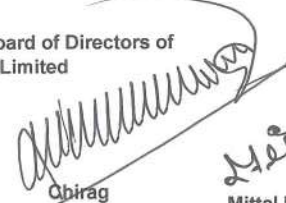


For and on Behalf of Board of Directors of
Rayzon Energy Private Limited



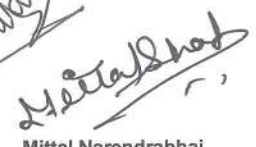
Hardik Ashokbhai Kothiyar

(Managing Director & Chief Financial Officer)



Chirag
Devchandbhai
Nakrani

(Director)



Mittal Narendrabhai
Shah

(Company Secretary)

M. No.: 129132

Date: 11-08-2026

Place: Surat



(DIN: 08589174)

Date: 11-08-2026

Place: Surat

(DIN: 08589167)

Date: 11-08-2026

Place: Surat

ACS :57367

Date: 11-08-2026

Place: Surat

RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN : U35105GJ2025PTC157664

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions, unless otherwise stated)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

Sr.	Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Net Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	(31.90)	(0.78)
	<u>Adjustments for:</u>		
	Depreciation & Amortisation	0.71	-
	Interest Expense and other borrowing cost	7.83	-
	Operating Profit Before Changes in Working Capital	(23.36)	(0.78)
	<u>Changes in working capital</u>		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Financial Assets	(17.92)	(0.02)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	(54.66)	(42.15)
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Short-Term Provisions	0.13	(0.00)
	Increase in Long-Term Provisions	0.58	(0.00)
	Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	106.92	0.03
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	8.61	0.56
	Operating profit after changes in working capital	20.31	(42.35)
	Taxes Paid/Refund Received	-	-
	Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	20.31	(42.35)
B.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipments (including CWIP and Capital Advance)	(1,620.93)	(177.95)
	Net cash generated from investing activities	(1,620.93)	(177.95)
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Increase / (Decrease) in Long term borrowings (net)	1,132.97	173.95
	Increased term deposit	(0.26)	-
	Proceeds from Issue of Equity Shares	535.00	50.00
	Interest Paid	(7.83)	-
	Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	1,659.88	223.95
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	59.26	3.65
	Cash & Cash Equivalents		
	Opening Balance (Refer Note 6)	3.65	-
	Closing Balance (Refer Note 6)	62.91	3.65
	Net increase as disclosed above	59.26	3.65

Note:

(a) Components of cash and cash equivalents:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Balances with Banks		
- in current accounts	61.91	3.15
Term Deposits with Banks (Original maturity of less than 3 months)	-	-
Cash on Hand	1.00	0.50
Total	62.91	3.65

(b) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) - Statement of Cash Flow.

(c) Figures in bracket indicate cash outgo.

This is the cash flow statement referred in our report of even date.

For Suresh I Surana & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 121749W

CA Amit Solanki

Partner

M. No.: 129132
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors of
Rayzon Energy Private Limited

Hardik Ashokbhai Kothiyar Chirag

(Managing Director &
Chief Financial Officer)

(DIN: 08589174)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

Devchandbhai
Nakrani
(Director)

(DIN: 08589167)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

Mittal Narendrabhai
Shah

(Company Secretary)

ACS : 57367
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN : U35105GJ2025PTC157664

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions, unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026**A. Share Capital**

Particulars	Amount
Equity Shares	
Balance as at 01-04-2025	50.00
Issued during the year	535.00
Balance as at 31-03-2026	585.00
Balance as at 06-01-2025	-
Issued during the period	50.00
Balance as at 31-03-2025	50.00

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Total
	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 01-04-2025	-	(0.58)	-	(0.58)
Loss for the year	-	(23.87)	-	(23.87)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI, net of tax)	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31-03-2026	-	(24.45)	-	(24.45)
Balance as at 06-01-2025	-	-	-	-
Loss for the period	-	(0.58)	-	(0.58)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI, net of tax)	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31-03-2025	-	(0.58)	-	(0.58)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the statement of changes in equity referred in our report of the even date.

For Suresh I Surana & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN : 121749W



CA Amit Solanki

Partner

M. No.: 129132
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat
For and on Behalf of Board of Directors of
Rayzon Energy Private Limited


Hardik Ashokbhai Kothiya

(Managing Director & Chief
Financial Officer)
(DIN: 08589174)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat


Chirag
Devchandbhai
Nakrani

(Director)

(DIN: 08589167)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat


Mittal
Narendrabhai
Shah(Company
Secretary)
ACS :57367
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

1) Corporate Information:

Rayzon Energy Private Limited ('the Company') is engaged in the business of manufacturing Solar Cells using TOPCon technology.

The Company was incorporated vide corporate identification No. U35105GJ2025PTC157664 issued by registrar of companies, Ahmedabad Gujarat.

The Company is a private limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India. The address of its registered Office Block 109, Nr Hariya Talav, B/H Aron Pipes Tal Mandvi, Karanj, Olpad, Gujarat, India, 394110.

2) Material Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] as amended, and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost, as required under Ind AS.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is Indian Rupees (INR), and all values are rounded to the nearest million except when otherwise indicated.

b. Classification of Assets and Liabilities into Current/Non-Current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

Current Assets: An asset is classified as current when it is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle, or within 12 months after the reporting year, or it is cash or a cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting year.

Non-Current Assets: All assets other than Current Assets are classified as non-current.

Current Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle, or it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting year, or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting year.

Non-Current Liabilities: All liabilities other than Current Liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company's operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents. The Company has identified less than 12 months as its operating cycle.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

c. Property, Plant, and Equipment (PPE)

PPE are recognized at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes the purchase price and directly attributable costs to bring the asset to its working condition for intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on PPE is provided using the Written Down Value (WDV) method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values, useful lives, and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively if necessary.

d. Capital Work-in-Progress (CWIP)

Capital Work-in-Progress includes the cost of PPE that is under construction or not yet ready for intended use as at the balance sheet date.

CWIP is carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses, and borrowing costs where applicable.

e. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. For assets, excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized.

f. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Claims against the Company where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in special purpose financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised. A contingent asset is disclosed, in special purpose financial statements, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

g. Income Taxes

Current tax is recognized based on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the special purpose financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, and unused tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities, and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

h. Investments and other financial assets

i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through statement of profit and loss); and
- those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

ii) Initial measurement

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

iii) Subsequent measurement – debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of the debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company classifies its debt instruments in the following three categories:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not a part of the hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets where the assets cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. When financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains / losses. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVTOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not a part of hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

iv) Subsequent measurement – equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity instruments at fair value. When the management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to statement of profit and loss. Dividends from such investments are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payment is established. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

v) Impairment of financial assets

Expected credit losses are recognised for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

Expected credit losses is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses as per Ind AS 109 for all originated or acquired financial assets, if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses, if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

vi) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients. When the Company has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. When the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset.

i. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. Interest-bearing bank loans, overdrafts and issued debt are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

borrowings is recognized over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for borrowing costs.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), correlation and volatility.

Derivative financial instrument

The Company holds derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts (not designated as cash flow hedges) to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. The counterparty for these contracts is generally a bank.

Financial assets or financial liabilities, at fair value through profit or loss

This category has derivative financial assets or liabilities which are not designated as hedges. Although the Company believes that these derivatives constitute hedges from an economic perspective, they may not qualify for hedge accounting under Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments. Any derivative that is either not designated as hedge, or is so designated but is ineffective as per Ind AS 109, is categorized as a financial asset or financial liability, at fair value through profit or loss. Derivatives not designated as hedges are recognized initially at fair value and attributable transaction costs are recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, these derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss and the resulting exchange gains or losses are included in other income. Assets/liabilities in this category are presented as current assets/current liabilities if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

j. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial year of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they occur.

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

k. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares and the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

l. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

m. Revenue Recognition

(i) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is recognised on the basis of approved contracts regarding the transfer of goods or services to a customer for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of discounts, incentives, volume rebates, and outgoing taxes on sales.

Using the practical expedient in Ind AS 115, the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if it expects, at contract inception, that the year between the transfer of the promised good or service to the customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.

(ii) Interest income is recognised using the Effective Interest Rate Method.

n. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of raw materials include cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of finished goods and work in progress include cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs. Cost of traded goods include purchase cost and inward freight. Costs of inventories are determined on FIFO basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories (including raw materials and finished goods) less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

o. Exceptional items

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense, including tax items, within the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Company.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U35105GJ2025PTC157664

Notes forming part of the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March, 2026

2 Material accounting policies (continued)

p. Cost recognition

Costs and expenses are recognised in statement of profit and loss when incurred and are classified according to their nature.

Recent accounting pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025, introducing amendments to certain Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

The amendments effective for annual reporting years beginning on or after April 1, 2026 primarily relate to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current under Ind AS 1 and consequential amendments to Ind AS 10. The amendments effective from April 1, 2025 include additional disclosure requirements for supplier finance arrangements (Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107), lease liability in a sale and leaseback (Ind AS 116), and the International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (Ind AS 12).

The Company has evaluated these amendments and concluded that they do not have any material impact on the recognition, measurement or presentation of its financial statements. Where applicable, the Company has incorporated the additional disclosure requirements in these financial statements.



RAYZON ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN : U35105GJ2025PTC167664
NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Currency: Indian Rupees in Millions, unless otherwise stated)

3a. Property Plant and Equipments

Particulars	Gross Carrying Value				Accumulated Depreciation						Net Carrying Value	
	Opening Balance as at 01 April 2025	Addition during the year	Sale/Reduction	Gross carrying Value as at 31 March 2026	Opening Balance as at 01 April 2025	Accumulated depreciation	Depreciation/Amortisation charged during the year	Sale/Reduction	Transfer/Regroup	Total depreciation upto 31 March 2026	Net Block as at 31 March 2026	Net Block as at 31 March 2025
Land	172.73	126.24	-	298.97	-	-	-	-	-	-	298.97	172.73
Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant and Machinery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and fittings	-	0.03	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-
Motor Vehicles	-	0.75	-	0.75	-	-	0.04	-	-	0.04	0.71	-
Office Equipments	-	0.33	-	0.33	-	-	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.28	-
Computers and data processing units	-	2.52	-	2.52	-	-	0.56	-	-	0.56	1.96	-
Total	172.73	129.87	-	302.60	-	-	0.65	-	-	0.65	301.95	172.73

3b. Capital Work in Progress

Particulars	Amount
Opening balance as at 01 April, 2025	5.22
(*) Addition during the year	1,335.28
(-) Transferred to assets during the year	-
(-) Deletion/adjustment during the year	(2.50)
Closing balance as at 31 March, 2026	1,338.00
Opening balance as at 06 January, 2025	-
(*) Addition during the period	5.22
(-) Transferred to assets during the period	-
(-) Deletion/adjustment during the period	-
Closing balance as at 31 March, 2025	5.22

Capital Work in Progress Ageing as at 31 March, 2025

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	1,332.78	5.22	-	-	1,338.00
Total	1,332.78	5.22	-	-	1,338.00

Note:
There is no CWIP project whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as at balance sheet date.
There is no suspended CWIP projects as at balance sheet date.

3c. Intangible Assets

Particulars	Softwares	Total
Intangible Assets as at 01-04-2025	-	-
Additions	0.28	0.28
Disposals / Transfers	-	-
Intangible Assets as at 31-03-2026	0.28	0.28
Accumulated Amortisation as at 01-04-2025	-	-
Amortisation for the year	0.06	0.06
Disposals / Transfers	-	-
Accumulated Amortisation as at 31-03-2026	0.06	0.06
Carrying value as at 31-03-2026	0.22	0.22
Carrying value as at 31-03-2025	-	-



4 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated			
- Security Deposit	16,602,000	16.60	-
Total	16,602,000	16.60	-

5 Deferred Tax Asset (Net)

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Depreciation & Amortization Expense	(8,358)	(0.01)	-
Gratuity	32,250	0.03	-
Provision for Doubtful Debts	-	-	-
Leave Encashment	146,906	0.15	-
Carry forward losses	8,062,273	8.06	0.20
Total	8,233,071	8.23	0.20

6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balances with Banks			
- in current accounts	61,914,034	61.91	3.15
- in cash credit accounts (surplus)	-	-	-
Term Deposits with Banks (Original maturity of less than 3 months)	-	-	-
Cash on Hand	999,538	1.00	0.50
Total	62,913,572	62.91	3.65

7 OTHER BANK BALANCES

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Term Deposits with Banks under lien against Bank Guarantee	262,860	0.26	-
Total	262,860	0.26	-

Note:

- a) Deposits under lien with Banks are towards Margin Money for Letter of Credit, Bank Guarantee, Security for guarantees issued on behalf of the Company.

8 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated			
Other Receivable			
- Security Deposits	1,329,031	1.33	0.02
Total	1,329,031	1.33	0.02

9 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated			
Advance to Creditors	236,000	0.24	0.60
Capital Advances	199,077,652	199.08	41.09
Balance with Revenue Authorities	55,488,548	55.49	0.45
Total	254,802,200	254.81	42



10 SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at 31-03-2026	As at 31-03-2025
Equity Shares		
Authorised Capital		
1,30,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.10 each	1,300.00	50.00
1,20,00,000 0.01%Optionally Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preference shares of Rs.10 each	1,200.00	-
	2,500.00	50.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital		
5,85,00,000 (P.Y. 50,00,000) Equity shares of Rs.10 each	585.00	50.00
Total	585.00	50.00

(A) Details of reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2026		As at 31-03-2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Equity Shares :				
Shares Outstanding at the opening of the period / year	5,000,000	50.00	-	-
Shares issued during the period / year	53,500,000	535.00	5,000,000	50.00
Shares outstanding at the end of the period / year	58,500,000	585.00	5,000,000	50.00

Note:

As per the resolutions passed by the shareholders and Board of Directors of Rayzon Energy Private Limited, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased on 11 February 2026 to ₹13,00,00,000 divided into 1,30,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each. Subsequently, on 17 March 2026, the authorised share capital was further increased by the creation of 1,20,00,000 0.01% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (OCCRPS) of ₹10 each.

Further, pursuant to the Board Resolutions dated 11 February 2026 and 17 March 2026, equity shares were allotted on a rights issue basis to Rayzon Solar Limited. On 11 February 2026, 2,75,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each were allotted at an issue price of ₹10 per share. Thereafter, on 17 March 2026, an additional 2,60,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each were allotted at an issue price of ₹10 per share. Accordingly, a total of 5,35,00,000 equity shares aggregating to ₹53.50 crore were allotted to Rayzon Solar Limited through the rights issue process.

(B) Terms / rights attached to each class of shares:

The Company has one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution of the residual assets will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The Company has not proposed any dividend during the period.

During the year, the Company also created 0.01% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (OCCRPS) having a face value of ₹10 per share. The rights and terms attached to these preference shares are governed by the terms of issue approved by the shareholders and the Board of Directors.

(C) Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent:

Name of Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Holding	% Change during year
As at 31-03-2026			
Rayzon Solar Limited	58,500,000	100.00%	1070.00%
As at 31-03-2025			
Rayzon Solar Limited	5,000,000	100.00%	100.00%

Note:

1 equity share is held by Mr. Chirag Devchandbhai Nakrani as nominee of Rayzon Solar Limited.

(D) Shareholding of Promoters and Promoter Group:

Particulars	Number of Shares	% of Holding	% Change during year
As at 31-03-2026			
Rayzon Solar Limited	58,500,000	100.00%	1070.00%
As at 31-03-2025			
Rayzon Solar Limited	5,000,000	100.00%	100.00%

(E) Information regarding issue of shares during since its inception

- The Company has not allotted share pursuant to contracts without payment being received in cash.
- The Company has not issued bonus share since its inception.
- The Company has not bought back its shares since its inception.



11 OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Reserves and Surplus			
<u>Securities Premium</u>			
Opening Balance	-	-	-
(+) Received during the year	-	-	-
Closing Balance	-	-	-
<u>Retained Earnings (Surplus/Deficit of Profit & Loss)</u>			
Opening Balance	(579,786)	(0.58)	-
(+) Effect of Ind AS adjustments on opening balances	-	-	-
(-) Loss during the year / period	(23,873,701)	(23.87)	(0.58)
Closing Balance	(24,453,488)	(24.45)	(0.58)
Other comprehensive Income			
Opening Balance	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI, net of tax)	-	-	-
Closing Balance	-	-	-
Total	(24,453,488)	(24.45)	(0.58)

Nature and purpose of reserves

- Retained Earnings:** Retained Earnings are the profits that the Company has earned during the year, less any transfer to General Reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.
- Other Comprehensive Income:** Other Comprehensive Income reflects items not recognized in profit or loss, such as revaluation gains, actuarial gains or losses, and foreign currency adjustments, with their impact on total comprehensive income detailed here.

12 LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
<u>Unsecured Borrowings</u>			
From Holding Company	1,306,918,887	1,306.92	173.95
Total	1,306,918,887	1,306.92	173.95

Notes :

- The Company has unsecured loans from holding company which carry an interest rate of 7% p.a.(previous year : 9%).

13 LONG-TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
<u>Provision for employee benefits</u>			
- Provision for Gratuity (Unfunded)	127,581	0.13	-
- Provision for Leave Encashment	454,101	0.45	-
Total	581,682	0.58	-



14 TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	4,939,508	4.94	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	102,015,689	102.02	0.03
Creditors For Building Materials	100,328,566	100.33	-
Creditors For Import Services	-	-	-
Creditors For Local Goods	70,841	0.07	-
Creditors For Land	-	-	-
Creditors For Capital Goods	902,421	0.90	-
Creditors For Others	-	-	-
Creditors For Services	71,080	0.07	0.03
Creditors For Machinery	5,582,289	5.58	-
Sub Total (B)	102,015,689	102.02	0.03
Total	106,955,197	106.96	0.03

Note:

The amount due to micro and small enterprises (MSME) as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" (hereinafter referred to as "MSMED Act") has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The disclosures relating to micro enterprises and small enterprises is as below:

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Dues of micro and small enterprises less than 45 days	4,936,398	4.94	-
Dues of micro and small enterprises more than 45 days:			
- Principal amount outstanding	3,110	-	-
- Interest due on principal amount outstanding as above	-	-	-
- Interest paid under section 16 of MSMED Act	-	-	-
- Interest due and payable for the period of delay	-	-	-
- Interest due and unpaid	-	-	-
- Further interest due and payable in succeeding years, until the date of actual payment for disallowance under section 23 of MSMED Act.	-	-	-
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	4,939,508	4.94	-

The Company has established process of identification of suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises provided here are based on the details provided by the management with regards to registration status of its creditors as MSME or otherwise. Further, as per the representation given by the management that the payment terms as agreed with the vendors takes care of the same in the rates and hence have not received any claims for interest from any supplier as at balance sheet date.

15 SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
<u>Provision for employee benefits</u>			
- Provision for Gratuity (Unfunded)	559	-	-
- Provision for Leave Encashment	129,601	0.13	-
<u>Other Provision</u>			
- Provision for expenses	-	-	-
Total	130,160	0.13	-

16 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	31-03-2026	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Statutory Dues Payable	6,494,865	6.49	0.52
Employee Dues Payable	2,592,403	2.59	-
Auditor's Remuneration Payable	90,000	0.09	0.04
Total	9,177,268	9.17	0.56



17 OTHER INCOME

Particulars	31-03-2026	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
- Interest Income	12,860	0.01	-
- Miscellaneous Income	33,000	0.03	-
Total	45,860	0.04	-

18 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

Particulars	31-03-2026	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
Leave Encashment Expense	583,702	0.58	-
Gratuity	128,140	0.13	-
Total	711,842	0.71	-

19 FINANCE COST

Particulars	31-03-2026	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
<u>Interest Expenses</u>			
- on unsecured loans	-	-	-
- on Late Payment of Statutory Dues	118,534	0.12	-
<u>Other Borrowing Costs</u>			
- Bank Charges and Other Borrowing Costs	7,710,866	7.71	0.01
Total	7,829,400	7.83	0.01

20 Depreciation and Amortisation expenses

Particulars	31-03-2026	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 3(a))	654,647	0.65	-
Amortisation of Intangible Assets (refer note 3(c))	62,334	0.06	-
Total	716,981	0.71	-

21 OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	31-03-2026	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
Meter Connection Charges	300,000	0.30	0.70
Rent Expense	60,300	0.06	0.02
Legal and Professional Expenses	293,000	0.29	0.01
Office and Administrative Expenses	823,148	0.82	-
Insurance	23,049	0.02	-
Rate and Taxes	19,237,600	19.24	-
Auditor's Remuneration	90,000	0.09	0.04
Application Fees	637,725	0.64	-
Securities Service Expenses	1,151,636	1.15	-
Transportation, Freight, Clearing And Forwarding Charges	8,643	0.01	-
Travelling Expenses	33,707	0.03	-
Software Expense	31,892	0.03	-
Total	22,690,700	22.69	0.77



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22 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments:

(to the extent not provided for)

The Company did not have any contingent liabilities as at the reporting date and during the year.

The Company has estimated capital commitments of ₹ 8,153.85 Million as of March 31, 2026 (As of March 31, 2025: ₹ Nil) towards capital expenditure for setting up manufacturing facility of Solar Cells at Surat location.

23 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR):

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are not applicable to the Company for the period ended March 31, 2026, as the Company does not meet the prescribed applicability criteria.

24 In the opinion of the Board and to the best of their knowledge & belief, the compliance related to GST provisions was properly complied, to the extent applicable to the company for the period/year under audit. Difference, if any, between the figures as per books of account and the GST Returns, are reconciled and would be corrected in next period GST returns.

25 Capital Management:

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The primary objectives of the company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value while providing stable capital structure that facilitate considered risk taking and pursued of business growth.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and business opportunities. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, raise/ pay down debt or issue new shares.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Total Borrowings	1,306.92	173.95
(-) Cash and bank balances	63.17	(3.65)
Net debts (A)	1,370.09	170.30
Share capital	585.00	50.00
Other equity	(24.45)	(0.58)
Total Equity (B)	560.55	49.42
Net debt to equity ratio	2.44	3.45

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the aforesaid periods.

26 Segment Reporting

The Company was incorporated during the previous financial period and has not commenced commercial operations during the year. Accordingly, no revenue from operations has been generated during the year.

In view of the absence of operating activities and revenue-generating operations during the reporting period, the requirements relating to segment reporting are not applicable to the Company.



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27 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24 Related party disclosure

☐ **List of related parties:**

Related Party	Relation
Chirag Devchandbhai Nakrani Hardik Ashokbhai Kothiya Devchandbhai Kalubhai Nakrani Mittal Narendrabhai Shah (w.e.f 17th March 2026)	Promoters & Directors Key Managerial Personnel
Rayzon Solar Limited	Holding Company

Note:

- (i) The related party relationships have been determined by the management on the basis of the requirements of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 24 'Related Party Disclosures' and the same have been relied upon by the auditors.
- (ii) The relationships as mentioned above pertain to those related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year, except where control exist, in which case the relationships have been mentioned irrespective of transactions with the related parties.

Transactions with related parties during the year / period	For the year ended 31-03-2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
<u>Rent Expenses</u> Rayzon Solar Limited	0.06	0.02
<u>Purchase of Land</u> Rayzon Solar Limited	-	48.28
<u>Duties & taxes</u> <u>Tds on unsecured Loan</u> Rayzon Solar Limited	3.11	-
<u>Interest on Unsecured Loan (Transferred to CWIP)</u> Rayzon Solar Limited	31.07	2.72
<u>Loan Taken during the period</u> Rayzon Solar Limited	1,105.00	171.50

27 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24 Related party disclosure (Continued)

Amount outstanding as at year end	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
<u>Balance Payable at year end</u> <u>Unsecured Loan</u> Rayzon Solar Limited	1,306.92	173.95
<u>Balance Receivable at year end</u> Security Deposit	0.02	0.02

- 28 Balances of certain trade payables and loans and advances are subject to confirmation / reconciliation, if any. The management has considered various known internal and external information available i.e. subsequent receipts/payments, invoices, debit note/credit notes etc. up to the date of approval of financial statements. Accordingly, Management does not expect any material difference affecting the financial statements on such reconciliation / adjustments.

- 29 These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on August 11, 2026



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30 Financial Instruments- Accounting, classifications and fair value measurements:

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- ☐ Fair value of cash and short term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.
- ☐ Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluations, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Fair value measurement using Level 3
As at 31-03-2026		
<u>Financial assets at amortised cost:</u>		
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	62.91	62.91
- Other bank Balances	0.26	0.26
- Others Financial Assets	17.93	17.93
Total	81.10	81.10
<u>Financial liabilities at amortised cost:</u>		
-Trade Payables	106.96	106.96
- Borrowings	1,306.92	1,306.92
Total	1,413.88	1,413.88
As at 31-03-2025		
<u>Financial assets at amortised cost:</u>		
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.65	3.65
- Others Financial Assets	0.02	0.02
Total	3.67	3.67
<u>Financial liabilities at amortised cost:</u>		
-Trade Payables	0.03	0.03
- Borrowings	-	-
Total	0.03	0.03

Note:

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 in the current period.



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31 Financial risk management objectives and policies:**Objectives and policies :**

The management of the Company has implemented a risk management system that is monitored by the Board of Directors. The general conditions for compliance with the requirements for proper and future-oriented risk management within the Company are set out in the risk management principles. These principles aim at encouraging all members of staff to responsibly deal with risks as well as supporting a sustained process to improve risk awareness. The guidelines on risk management specify risk management processes, compulsory limitations, and the application of financial instruments. The risk management system aims at identifying, analysing, managing, controlling and communicating risks promptly throughout the Company. Risk management reporting is a continuous process.

The Company is exposed to credit, liquidity and market risks (foreign currency risk and Interest Rate Risk) during the course of ordinary activities. The aim of risk management is to limit the risks arising from operating activities and associated financing requirements by applying selected derivative and non-derivative hedging instruments.

a) Market Risk

As at March 31, 2026, the Company has not commenced commercial operations and has no significant financial assets or financial liabilities that are subject to Currency risk and interest rate risk. Accordingly, the Company is not exposed to material currency risk and interest rate risk.

b) Exposure to Credit Risk

The Company does not expect any losses from the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentration of credit risk.

Financial Assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL):

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Other financial Asset (non Current)	-	-
Others Current Financial Assets (Current)	62.91	3.65

Financial asset for which loss allowance is measured using Lifetime Expected Credit Losses

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade Receivables	-	-

The ageing analysis of the receivables has been considered from the date the invoice falls due:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Not due	-	-
Up to 3 months	-	-
3 to 6 months	-	-
More than 6 months	-	-



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31 Financial risk management objectives and policies:

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its existing or future obligations due to insufficient availability of cash or cash equivalents. Managing liquidity risk, and therefore allocating resources and hedging the Company's financial independence, are some of the central tasks of the Company's treasury department. In order to be able to ensure the Company's solvency and financial flexibility at all times, long-term credit limits and cash and cash equivalents are reserved on the basis of perennial financial planning and periodic rolling liquidity planning. The Company's financing is also secured for the next fiscal period.

Maturity profile of financial liability

The table below provide details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments:

As at 31-03-2026	Up to 12 months	More than 12 months	Total
Borrowings	-	1,306.92	-
Trade Payables and Other Payables	106.96	-	106.96

As at 31-03-2025	Up to 12 months	More than 12 months	Total
Borrowings	-	173.95	173.95
Trade Payables and Other Payables	0.03	-	0.03



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32 Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 12 Income Taxes

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
Current tax	-	-
Tax for earlier years	-	-
Deferred tax	(8.03)	(0.20)
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	(8.03)	(0.20)
Reconciliation Tax Expense:		
Accounting profit before income tax	(31.90)	(0.78)
Applicable tax rate (In %)	25.17%	26.00%
Computed Tax Expense	(8.03)	(0.20)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible in calculating taxable income	-	-
Tax effect of amounts which are deductible in calculating taxable income	-	-
Total Tax expense	(8.03)	(0.20)

33 In the opinion of the Board, any of the assets other than Property, Plant & Equipments and Non Current Investments have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated. The provisions for all determined liabilities are adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably required.

34 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The diluted potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value which is the average market value of the outstanding shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus share issues including changes effected prior to the approval of the standalone financial statements by the Board of Directors.

Basic Earnings Per Share	For the year ended 31-03-2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
Profit attributable to equity shareholders for calculation of Basic EPS	(23.87)	(0.58)
Add: Dividend and DDT paid to the preference shares	-	-
Profit attributable to equity shareholders for calculation of Diluted EPS	(23.87)	(0.58)
No. of shares at the beginning of the period / year	5,000,000	-
Add: Shares issued during the period / year	53,500,000	5,000,000
No. of shares at the end of the period / year	58,500,000	5,000,000
Weighted average equity shares outstanding for calculation of Basic EPS	9,760,274	1,164,384
Weighted average equity shares outstanding for calculation of Diluted EPS	9,760,274	1,164,384
Basic earnings per equity share (non-annualized)	(2.45)	(0.12)
Basic earnings per equity share (annualized)	(2.45)	(0.50)
Diluted earnings per equity share (non-annualized)	(2.45)	(0.12)
Diluted earnings per equity share (annualized)	(2.45)	(0.50)



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35 Employee benefit obligations

The Company has classified the various employee benefits provided to employees as under:

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2026 Amount In Rs.	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025 Amount In Rs.
Gratuity		
Current Liabilities/(Asset)	-	-
Non-Current Liabilities/(Asset)	0.13	-
Total	0.13	-

The Company has defined benefit gratuity plan (Unfunded), each employee is eligible for gratuity on completion of minimum five years of services at 15 days eligible salary for each completed years of services, subject to a payment ceiling of Rs. 20,00,000/-.

Significant assumptions :

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows :

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2026 Amount In Rs.	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025 Amount In Rs.
(a) Principal assumptions used:		
Expected Return on Plan Assets	NA	NA
Discount rate	7.14% p.a.	NA
Salary Growth rate	15.00% p.a.	NA
Attrition Rates	25.00% p.a.	NA
Retirement age	58 Years	NA
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate	NA
(b) Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations during the year		
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	-	NA
Interest Cost	-	NA
Current service cost	0.13	NA
Past Service Cost - Incurred During the Period	-	NA
Liability Transferred In/ Acquisitions	-	NA
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	-	NA
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	-	NA
(Benefit Paid From the Fund)	-	NA
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions	-	NA
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	-	NA
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience Adjustment	-	NA
	0.13	NA
(c) Change in fair value of plan assets during the year		
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the Period	-	NA
Interest Income	-	NA
Contributions by the employer	-	NA
Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions	-	NA
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)	-	NA
(Benefit Paid from the Fund)	-	NA
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	NA
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	NA



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(d) Actual Return on Plan Assets		
Interest Income	-	NA
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	NA
Actual Return on Plan Assets	-	NA
(e) Net assets / (liability) recognized in balance sheet		
Present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the year	(0.13)	NA
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	NA
Funded Status (Surplus/(Deficit))	(0.13)	NA
Assets / (Liability) recognized in the balance sheet	(0.13)	NA
(f) Net Interest Cost		
Interest Cost	-	NA
(Interest Income)	-	NA
Net Interest Cost	-	NA
(g) Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Period		
Current Service Cost	0.13	NA
Net Interest Cost	-	NA
Past Service Cost - Recognised	-	NA
	0.13	NA
(h) Expenses Recognized in other comprehensive income for the Current period		
Actuarial (gain) / losses on Obligation for the period	-	NA
Return on plan assets, Excluding interest Income	-	NA
	-	NA
(i) Expected Expenses to be Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Next Year		
Current Service Cost	0.40	NA
Net Interest Cost	0.01	NA
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss	0.41	NA

(j) The Maturity Analysis of Benefit Payments:

Projected Benefits Payable in future years from the Date of Reporting.

Particulars:	For the year ended 31-03-2026	For the period from 06-01-2025 to 31-03-2025
1st Following year	0.00	NA
2nd Following year	0.00	NA
3rd Following year	0.00	NA
4th Following year	0.00	NA
5th Following year	0.00	NA
Sum of Years 6 To 10	0.14	NA
Sum of Years 11 and above	0.10	NA



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NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**(k) Sensitivity analysis****Sensitivity to key assumptions**

Discount rate sensitivity

Increase by 1%

(0.01)

-

Decrease by 1%

0.01

-

Salary growth rate sensitivity

Increase by 1%

0.01

-

Decrease by 1%

(0.01)

-

Rate of Employee Turnover sensitivity

Increase by 1%

(0.01)

-

Decrease by 1%

0.01

-

Thesensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may notbe representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore,in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.



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35 Subsequent Event

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions that occur during the period subsequent to 31 March 2026 for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. These subsequent events have been considered through August 11, 2026, which is the date, the financial statements were available to be issue.

36 Additional regulatory information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements.

a) Aging Schedule Trade Payables:

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME Undisputed	4.94	-	-	-	4.94
Other than MSME Undisputed	102.02	-	-	-	102.02
MSME Disputed	-	-	-	-	-
Other than MSME Disputed	-	-	-	-	-



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b) Ratios

Name of ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	Variations	Reason for variation
Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	2.75	77.64	-96.46%	The Current Ratio decreased from 77.64 to 2.91 during the current year primarily due to an increase in current liabilities arising from project-related activities, including trade payables and other current liabilities. Although the ratio declined significantly, the Company continues to maintain adequate current assets to meet its short-term obligations.
Debt-equity ratio	Non-current and current borrowing	Total equity	2.33	3.52	-33.76%	The Debt-Equity Ratio decreased from 3.52 to 2.27 during the current year primarily on account of an increase in shareholders' equity due to fresh capital infusion, while the borrowings increased.
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings before interest, depreciation and taxes (excluding other income) (EBIDTA)	Interest expense on total borrowings plus principal repayments of non-current borrowings	(2.01)	(56.63)	-96.45%	The improvement in the Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) is primarily attributable to lower debt servicing requirements during the current year, along with a reduction in operating losses. Since the Company has not commenced commercial operations, operating earnings remained insufficient to cover debt service obligations, resulting in a negative DSCR.
Return on equity ratio	Net profit after tax	Average equity	(7.83%)	(2.33%)	235.63%	The Company is in the project development stage and commercial operations have not yet commenced. Consequently, the Company incurred losses during the year due to administrative and other operating expenses in the absence of significant operating revenue. This resulted in a negative Return on Equity Ratio (ROE). The ratio deteriorated from (2.33%) to (3.01%) mainly on account of the increase in net loss during the current year.
Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	Capital Employed (total equity + total debt + deferred tax liability)	(1.30%)	(0.34%)	276.48%	The Company is in the project development stage and commercial operations have not yet commenced. Consequently, the Company incurred operating and administrative expenses without generating significant operating income, resulting in a negative EBIT and, accordingly, a negative Return on Capital Employed (ROCE). The improvement from (0.30%) to (0.34%) is mainly due to a reduction in operating losses during the current year.

*The management has provide their comments where variation in ratio is more than 25% as compared to the preceding year/ period.



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- c) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
d) The Company does not have any Working Capital facility.
e) The Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a company as a willful defaulter at any time during the period or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.
f) The Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies.
g) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies (ROC).
h) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017
i) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities(intermediaries), with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
j) The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate beneficiaries), or
ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
k) The Company does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the period in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
l) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.

SIGNATURE TO NOTES FORMING INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As per our report of even date
For Suresh I Surana & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 121748W

CA Amit Solanki

Partner

M. No.: 129132
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat



For and behalf of board of directors of
Rayzon Energy Private Limited

Hardik Ashokbhai Kothiya
(Managing Director & Chief
Financial Officer)

(DIN: 08589174)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

Chirag Devchandbhai Nakrani
(Director)

(DIN: 08589167)
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

Mittal Narendrabhai Shah
(Company Secretary)

ACS :57367
Date: 11-08-2026
Place: Surat

